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## Lesson 3 Skills Practice

## Write Two-Step Equations

Translate each sentence into an equation.

1. Four more than twice a number is 8 .

Let $n$ represent the number. $2 n+4=8$
2. Three more than four times a number is 15 .

Let $n$ represent the number. $4 n+3=15$
3. Five less than twice a number is 7 .

Let $\boldsymbol{n}$ represent the number. $2 n-5=\mathbf{7}$
4. One less than four times a number is 11 .

Let $n$ represent the number. $4 n-1=11$
5. Seven more than the quotient of a number and 2 is 10 .

Let $n$ represent the number. $\frac{n}{2}+7=10$
6. Six less than six times a number is 12 .

Let $\boldsymbol{n}$ represent the number. $6 \boldsymbol{n}-\mathbf{6}=12$
7. Five less than the quotient of a number and 3 is -7 .

Let $n$ represent the number. $\frac{n}{3}-5=-7$
8. Seven more than twice a number is 1 .

Let $n$ represent the number. $2 n+7=1$
Define a variable. Then write and solve an equation to find each number.
9. The difference between 5 times a number and 3 is 12 .

Let $\boldsymbol{n}$ represent the number. $5 \boldsymbol{n}-3=12$; 3
10. Nine more than three times a number is -6 .

Let $n$ represent the number. $3 n+9=-6 ;-5$
11. Nine more than the quotient of a number and 4 is 12 .

Let $\boldsymbol{n}$ represent the number. $\frac{n}{4}+9=12 ; 12$
12. Four less than the quotient of a number and 3 is -10 .

Let $n$ represent the number. $\frac{n}{3}-4=-10 ;-18$
13. Nine less than six times a number is -15 .

Let $n$ represent the number. $6 n-9=-15 ;-1$
14. Three less than the quotient of a number and 6 is 1 .

Let $n$ represent the number. $\frac{n}{6}-3=1 ; 24$
15. Eight more than the quotient of a number and 5 is 3 .

Let $n$ represent the number. $\frac{n}{5}+8=3 ;-25$
16. The difference between twice a number and 11 is -23 .

Let $n$ represent the number. $2 n-11=-23 ;-6$

